

DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS

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February 26, 2018

Honorable Jay Powell Chairman, House Ways and Means 133 State Capitol Atlanta, Georgia 30334

SUBJECT: Fiscal Note

House Bill 871 (LC 43 0840)

Dear Chairman Powell:

The bill would create a partial exemption from state sales and use tax for qualified manufactured homes equal to 50 percent of the home's sale price. Qualified manufactured homes are those that are to be converted, and actually converted within 30 days of sale, to real property in the state pursuant to O.C.G.A. 8-2-183.1. The exemption would not apply to any local sales or use tax. The legislation does not specify an effective date, so this analysis assumes the effective date to be July 1, 2018.

Impact on Revenue

Georgia State University's Fiscal Research Center (FRC) estimated that the bill would result in state revenue loss of \$3.3 million in FY 2019 (Table 1). The exemption would increase slightly in subsequent years.

Table 1. Baseline State Revenue and Net Revenue Effect of HB 871

(\$ millions)	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Current Law Tax Revenue	\$6.7	\$6.8	\$6.9	\$7.1	\$7.2
State Revenue Effect of Exemption	(\$3.3)	(\$3.4)	(\$3.5)	(\$3.5)	(\$3.6)
Dtate Revenue Effect of Exemption	(45.5)	(45.1)	(45.5)	(45.5)	(4510)

FRC noted that the Department of Revenue (DOR) reports that state sales tax collections from manufactured home dealers in FY 2017 was approximately \$6.4 million. Using research firm IBISWorld's projected annual growth rate for the industry of 1.9 percent, FRC projected sales tax revenue through FY 2023 on manufactured homes. The revenue loss from the bill was calculated at 50 percent of the current law baseline revenue projections

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Based on discussions with DOR, it is assumed that homeowner sales of manufactured homes are generally conducted as real property sales and are thus not subject to sales and use taxes. To the extent there are homeowner-to-homeowner sales of manufactured homes not as real property (i.e. as tangible personal property), the loss from the proposed exemption may be somewhat larger.

Impact on Expenditures

DOR estimated one-time costs of \$38,000. The funds would be used for IT system changes, including requirement identification, design/development, and system testing.

Sincerely,

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

Teresa A. MacCartney, Director Office of Planning and Budget

Louisa J. MacCartney

GSG/TAM/mt